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 **SNAP4CITY**
<https://www.Snap4City.org>



Exploiting Satellite Data in the Context of Smart City Applications

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<https://www.Km4City.org>

<https://www.disit.org>

The 5th IEEE International Conference on Smart City Innovations (SCI 2021)

October 18-21, 2021, Atlanta, USA



Needs

- In the Smart City context there is the needs of
 - **Accessible and affordable** data: spatially and temporally dense
 - **Reducing costs** for data gathering.
 - Sensors are good, but are scattered and very expensive
 - Reduce **costs for maintenance** of data gathering solutions
 - Sensors have high costs of maintenance: repairing, battery changes, calibrations, attacks, etc.
 - **Validation** of data.
- Satellite data may be a solution to some of those problems, while other have to be managed.

Smart City: Satellite Data vs Sensors Data

- **From Satellites, many sources, different resolutions, open/closed:**
 - Ozone, NO₂, SO₂, Aerosol, CO, etc.
 - Temperature, vegetation, land usage
 - Evolution of soil usage: with high seasonality, and weather impact
 - Air traffic derived data
 - Water traffic usage data
 - Many other technical measures....
 - **Spatial and temporal resolution ???**
- **From Sensors and other sources:**
 - Pollutant: PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, NO₂, NO, SO₂, CO₂, ...
 - Weather: temperatures, humidity, wind, DEW, etc.
 - Other: Traffic flow sensors, people flow, parking, etc.
 - Air/lidar measures from flights: vegetation, land usage
 - **Scattered data, specifically positioned, no dense data**



CLIMATE CHANGE



MARINE MONITORING



ATMOSPHERE MONITORING



LAND MONITORING



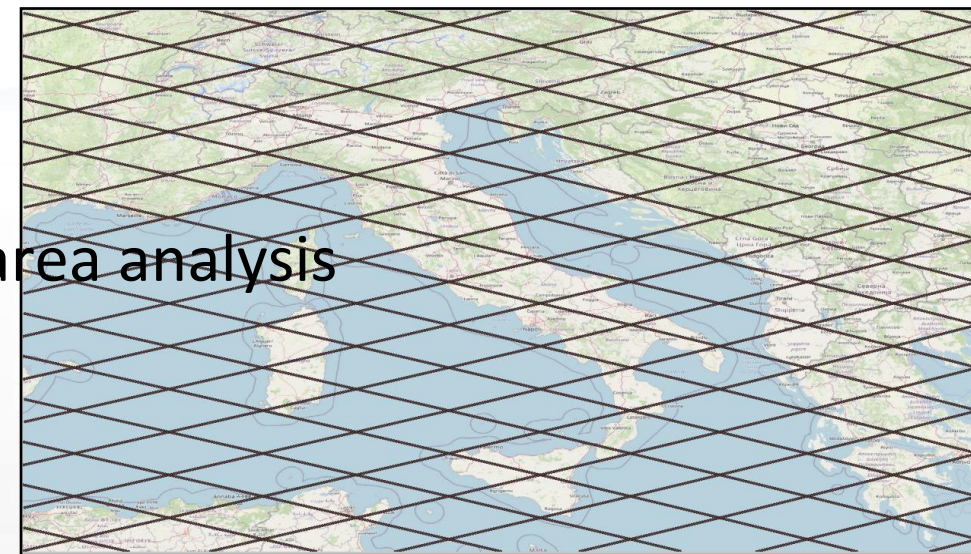
SECURITY

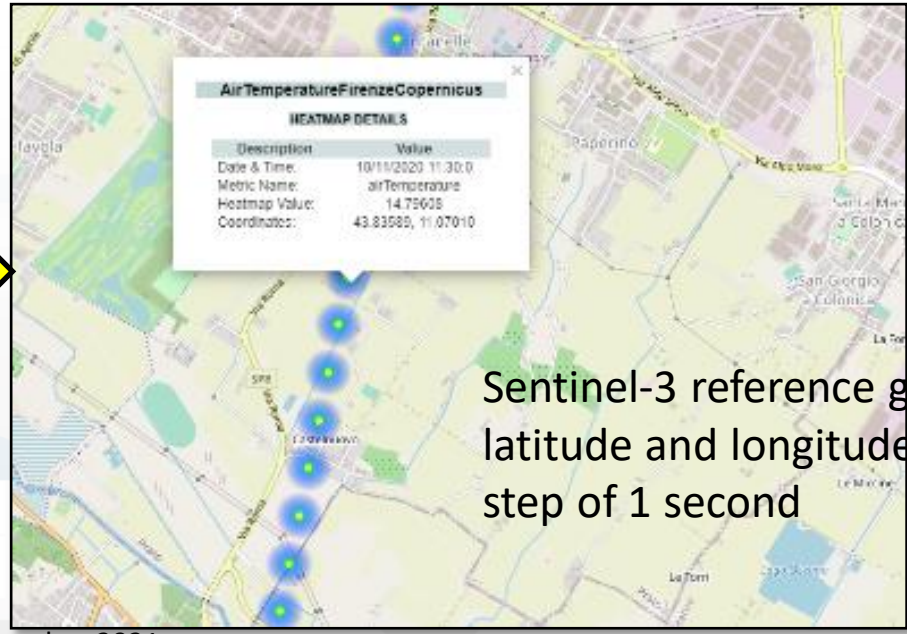
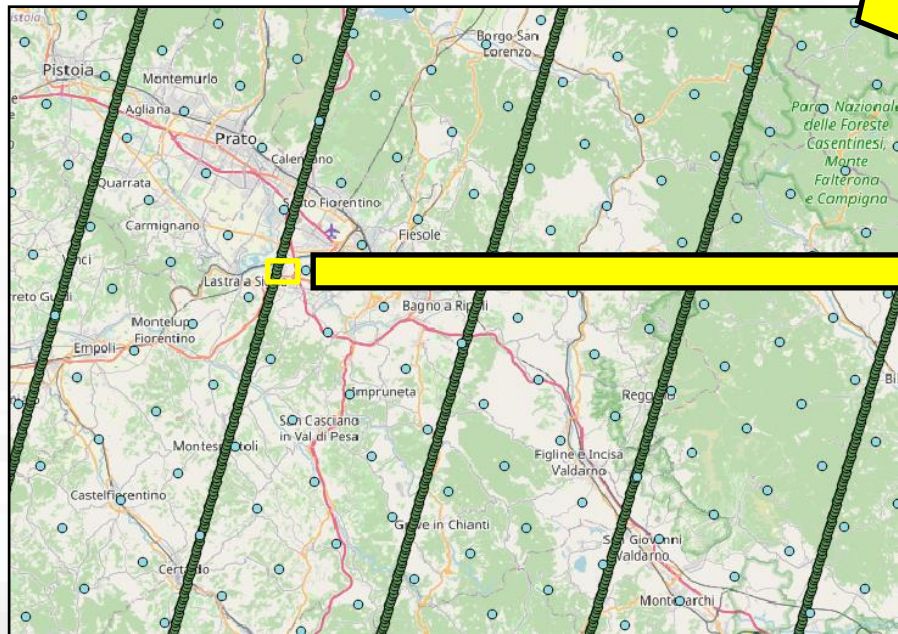
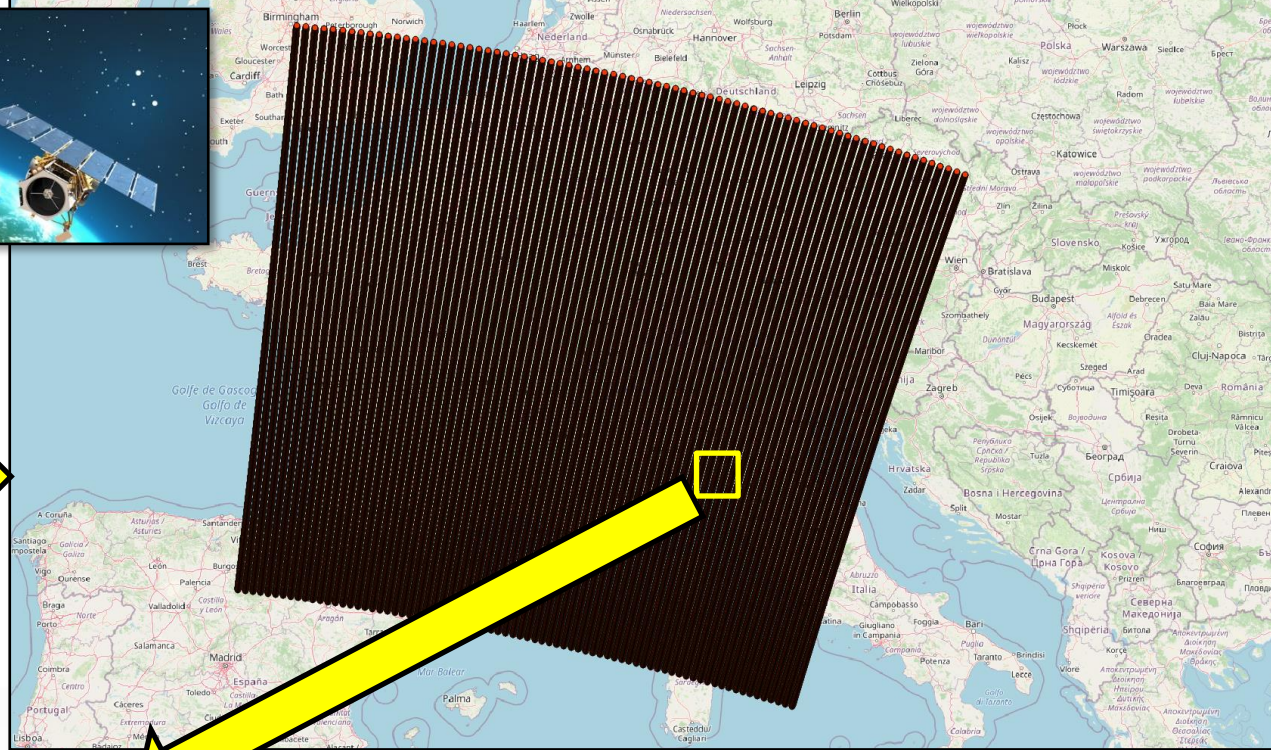
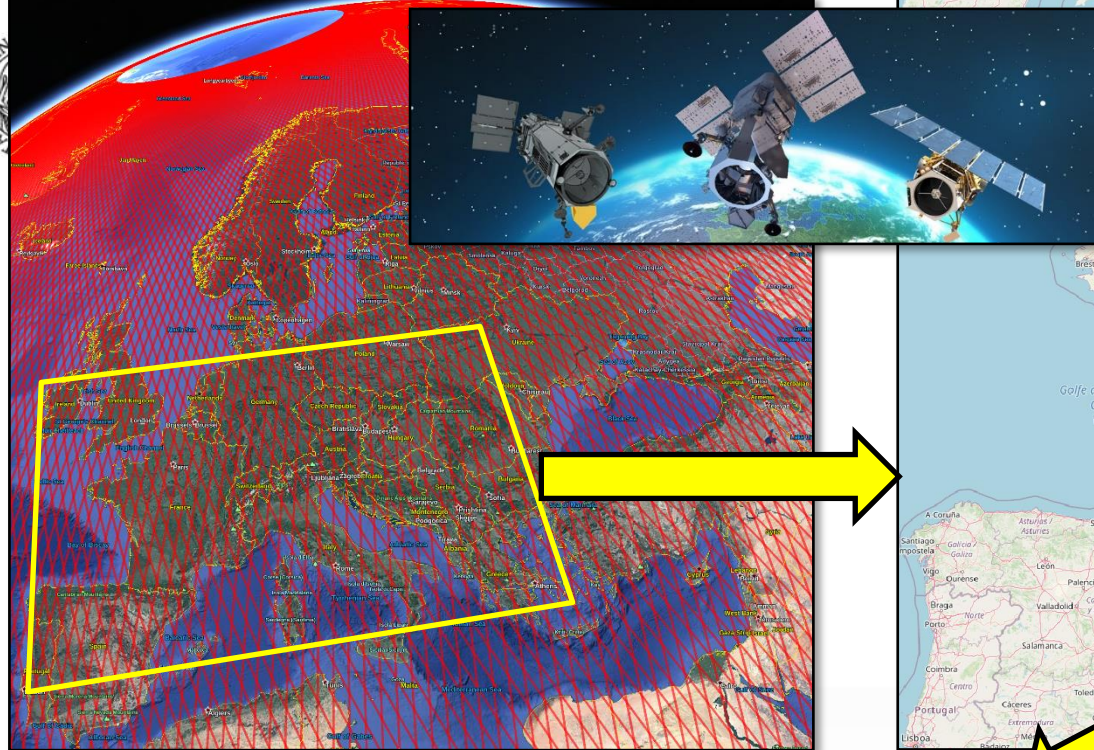


EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Satellite data

- **A large number of measures, not accessible from ground level sensors**
- **Complex data stream acquisition**
 - Data Transformation by knowing the satellite model is needed
 - Complex for small area since satellite products are typically large area
- **Temporal and spatial resolutions (lat, lon)**
 - They are not matrices actually
 - They are not always taken on the same places
 - Resolution may be not enough for specific city area analysis
 - No event driven data
- **View from the space:**
 - Affected by cloud and weather
 - Measures of the column of air and not at the ground level





Sentinel-3 reference geocentric latitude and longitude, time step of 1 second

Example of Copernicus Data

Air Quality Copernicus

Sat 16 Jan 20:07:11

Copernicus Heatmap Selection

- ▲ Air Temperature Toscana
- ▼ Tuscany Altitude
- ▲ Global Vegetation Index Tuscany
- ▲ Fractional Cloud Cover Tuscany
- ▲ Humidity Tuscany
- ▲ Air Temp Florence
- ▲ Global Vegetation Index
- ▲ Fractional Cloud Cover
- ▲ Florence Altitude
- ▲ Humidity Florence Metropolitan Area

Selector - Map

Altitude meter

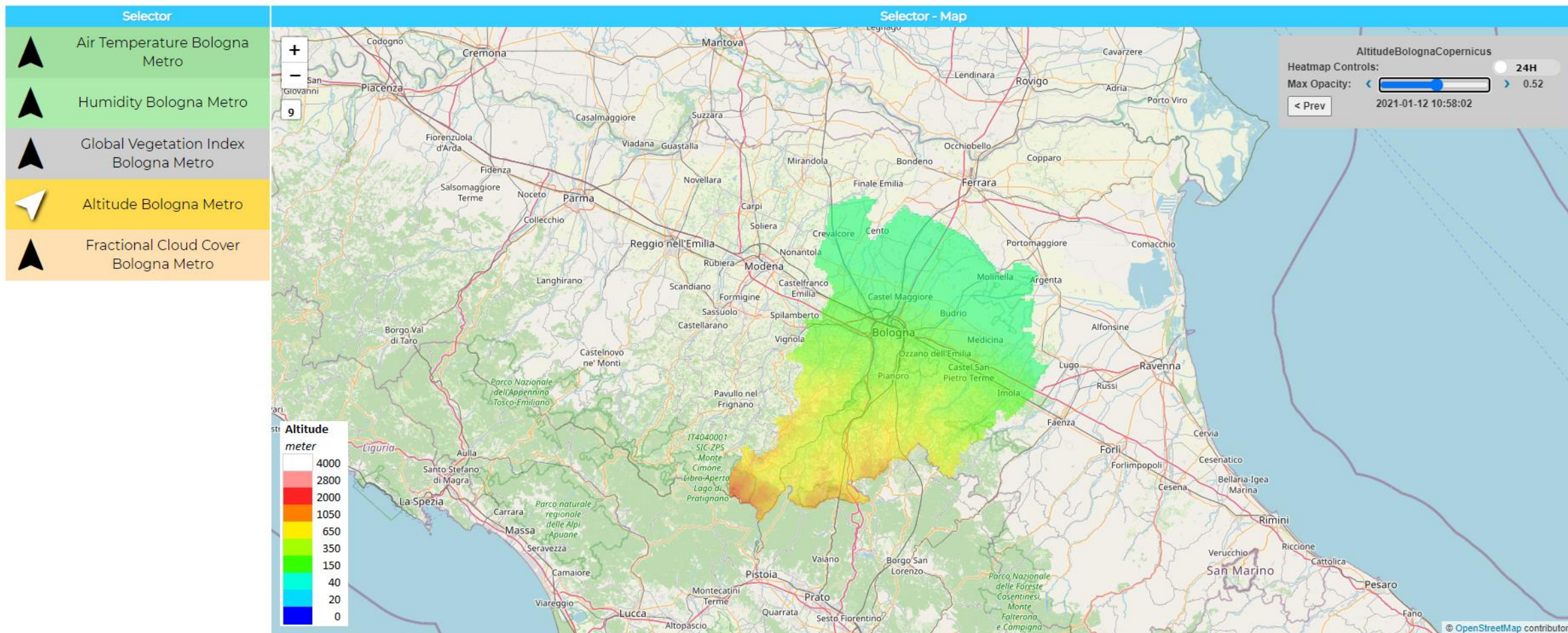
- 4000
- 2800
- 2000
- 1050
- 650
- 350
- 150
- 40
- 0

<https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddashboard=MzAwNQ==>

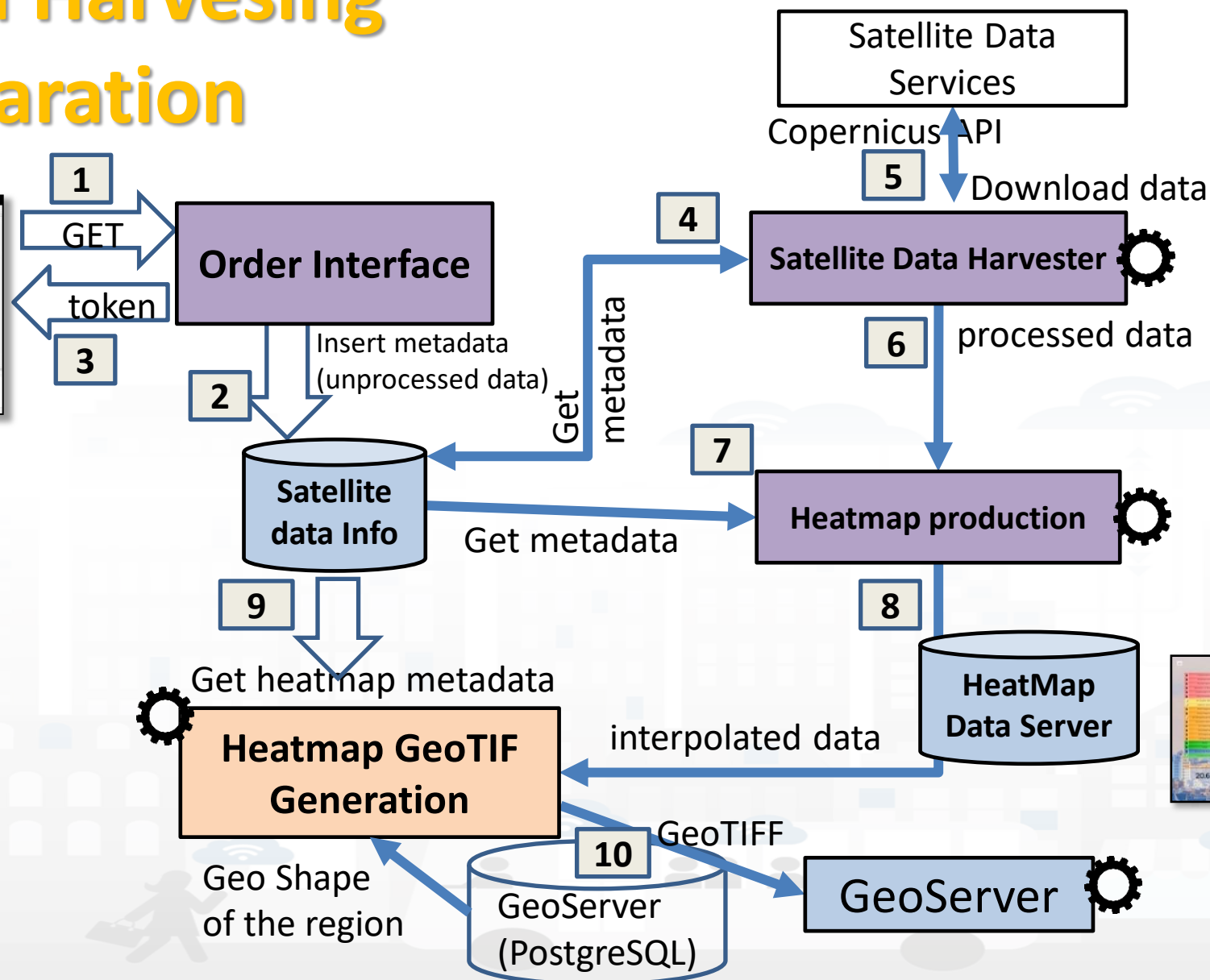
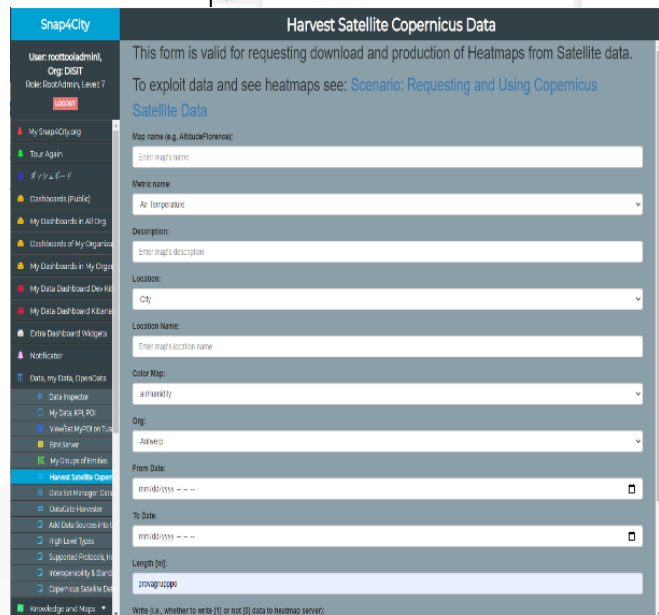
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Bologna Metropolitan Area Copernicus Data

Sat 16 Jan 20:08:03



Satellite Data Harvesing and Preparation

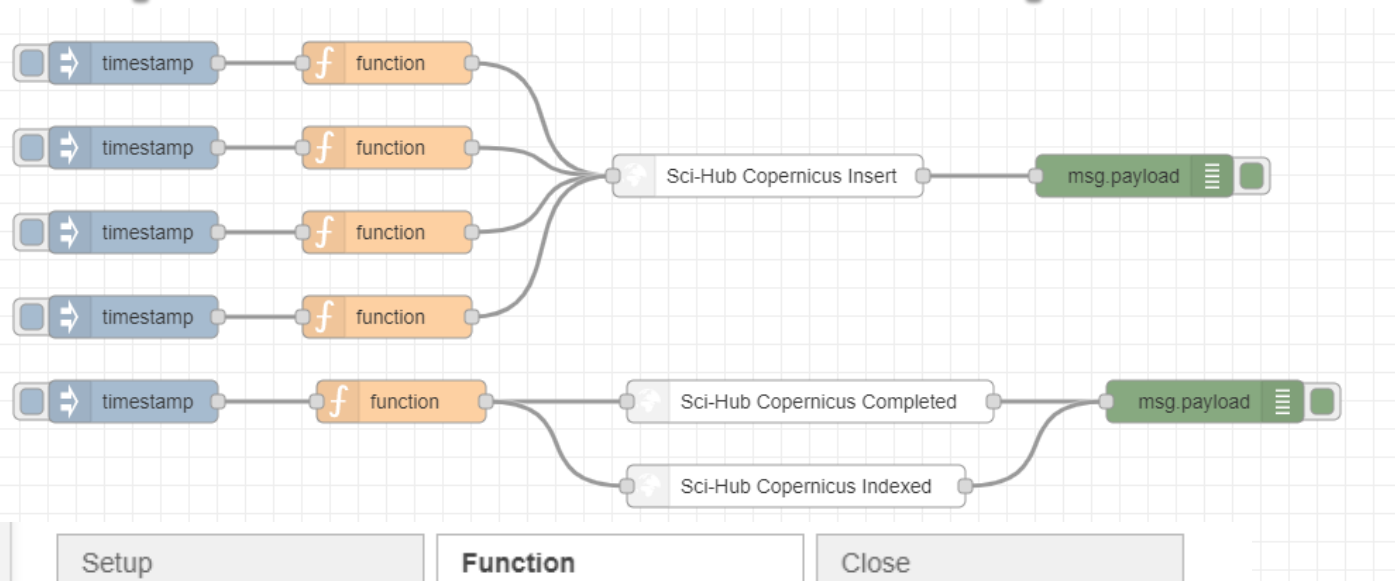


Compernicus Data Request: Sci-Hub on Snap4City

- **Map name:**
- **Metric name:** AirTemperature, Humidity, Altitude, OLCI Global Vegetation Index, Cloud Fraction, etc.
- **Description:** a generic description;
- **Location:** select the level the data have to be taken and [heatmap](#) created. It is possible to specify one of the following: City, Country, State or Postal Code;
- **Location Name:** specify here the location: the name of a City or "Città Metropolitana di Firenze", or "Toscana" as State or "Italy" as Country, etc.;
- **Color Map:** color map visualization for example: airHumidity, ogvi, altitudeHQ, airTemperatureHQ, FractionalCloudCoverLQ, From those of Snap4City
- **Org:** specify the organization in Snap4City from the available list;
- **From Date - To Date:** use these to forms to specify the time period of the data to be downloaded. Please note that at least you have to specify at least 1 day period since satellite data are typically updated 1 times per day. If a longer period is specified, all data included in the period will be taken and, according to the available data, more date sets and [heatmaps](#) will be generated covering the time period;
- **Length:** specify here the dimension in meters of squared area, for example 700 for obtaining points values in a grid of 700x700 meters;
- **Write:** (1) to have data on piking and database, or (0) to do not have data thus obtaining only the heatmap
- You need to have a **TOKEN** to use the service 😊

<https://www.snap4city.org/671>

Copernicus data request via IoT Apps



Setup **Function** Close

```
1 msg.payload = {
2   "map_name": "AirTemperatureBolognaCopernicus",
3   "description": "Air Temperature Bologna",
4   "location": "city",
5   "location_name": "Città metropolitana di Bologna",
6   "color_map": "airTemperatureHQ",
7   "org": "DISIT",
8   "from_date": "2021-01-01T00:00:00",
9   "to_date": "2021-01-01T23:59:00",
10  "length": "700",
11  "write": "1",
12 }
13 return msg;
```

Edit Sci-Hub Copernicus Insert node

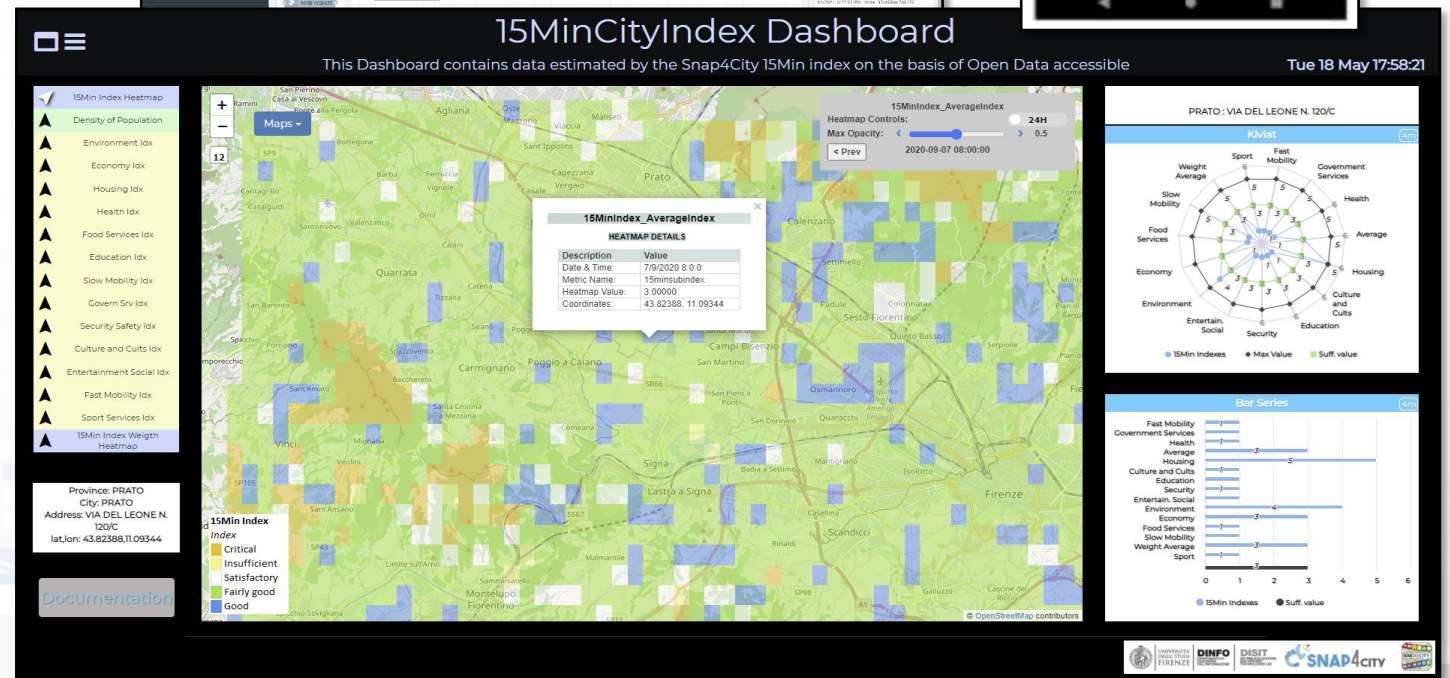
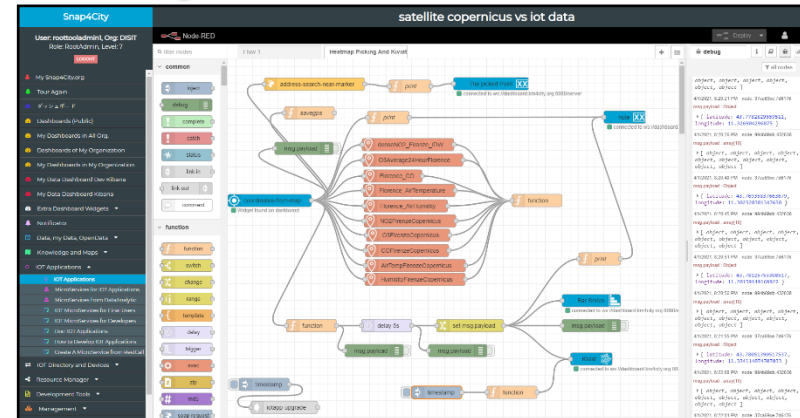
Cancel Done

Properties

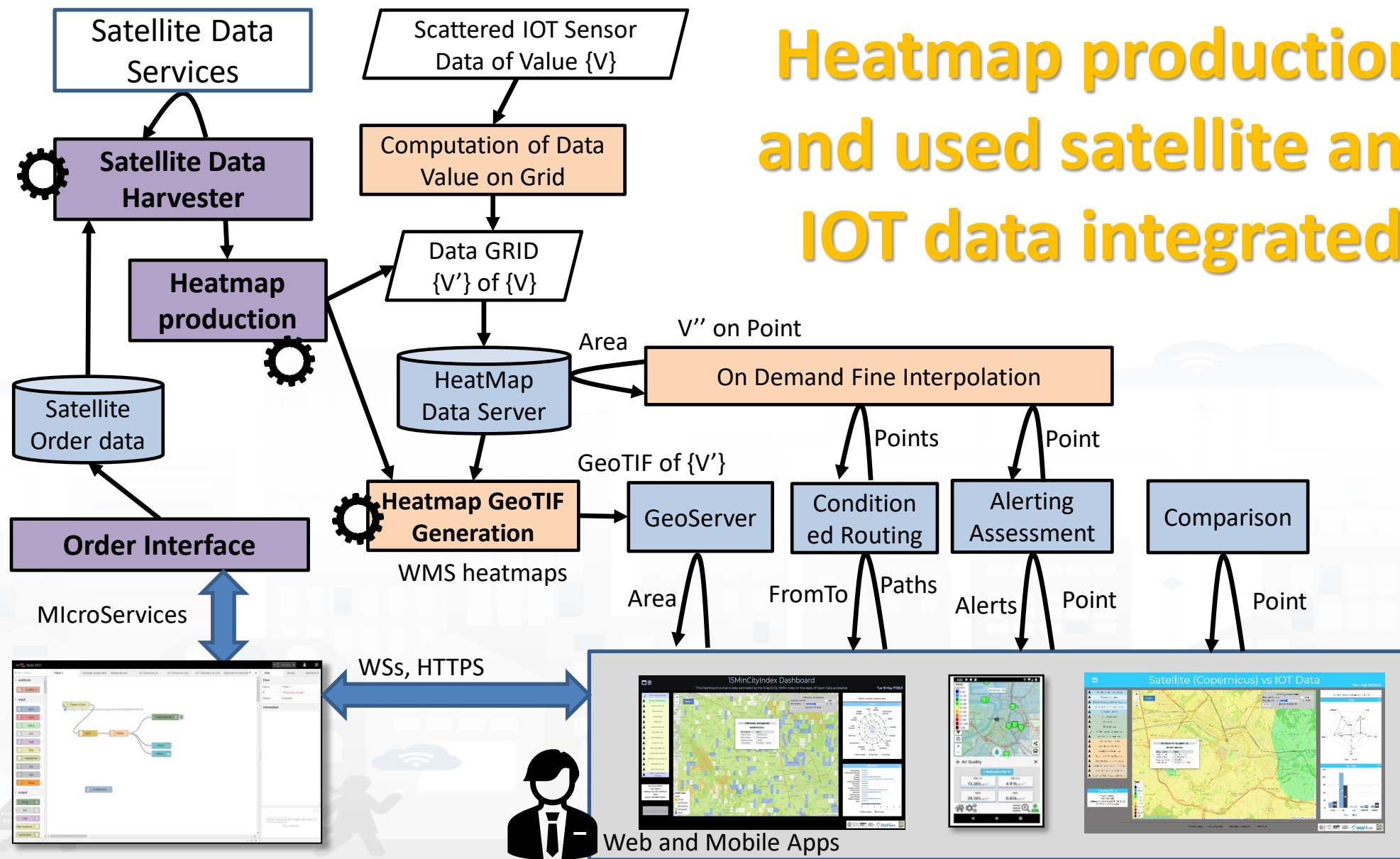
Name	<input type="text"/>
map_name	<input type="text" value="map_name"/>
metric_name	<input type="text" value="metric_name"/>
description	<input type="text" value="description"/>
org	<input type="text" value="org"/>
minLat	<input type="text" value="minLat"/>
maxLat	<input type="text" value="maxLat"/>
minLon	<input type="text" value="minLon"/>
maxLon	<input type="text" value="maxLon"/>
location	<input type="text" value="location"/>
location_name	<input type="text" value="location_name"/>
color_map	<input type="text" value="color_map"/>
hours	<input type="text" value="hours"/>
from_date	<input type="text" value="from_date"/>
to_date	<input type="text" value="to_date"/>
length	<input type="text" value="length"/>
write	<input type="text" value="write"/>

Once Generated can be exploited

- Picking data on dense map and exploiting them on
 - Assessing routing:
 - path of GPS points
 - Alerting specific users wrt specific locations.
 - One GPS position: park, garden, house, etc.
 - Alerting them
 - Via telegram
 - Email
- Estimating city Indexes
- Comparison with sensors



Heatmap production and used satellite and IOT data integrated



Concept 15MinIndex

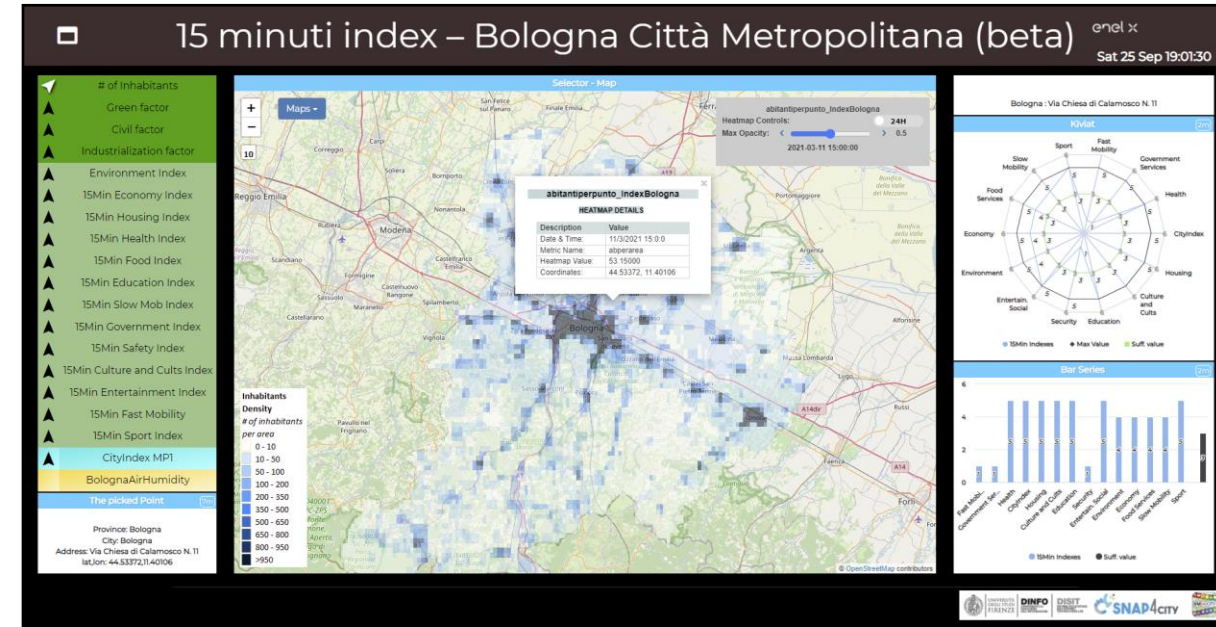
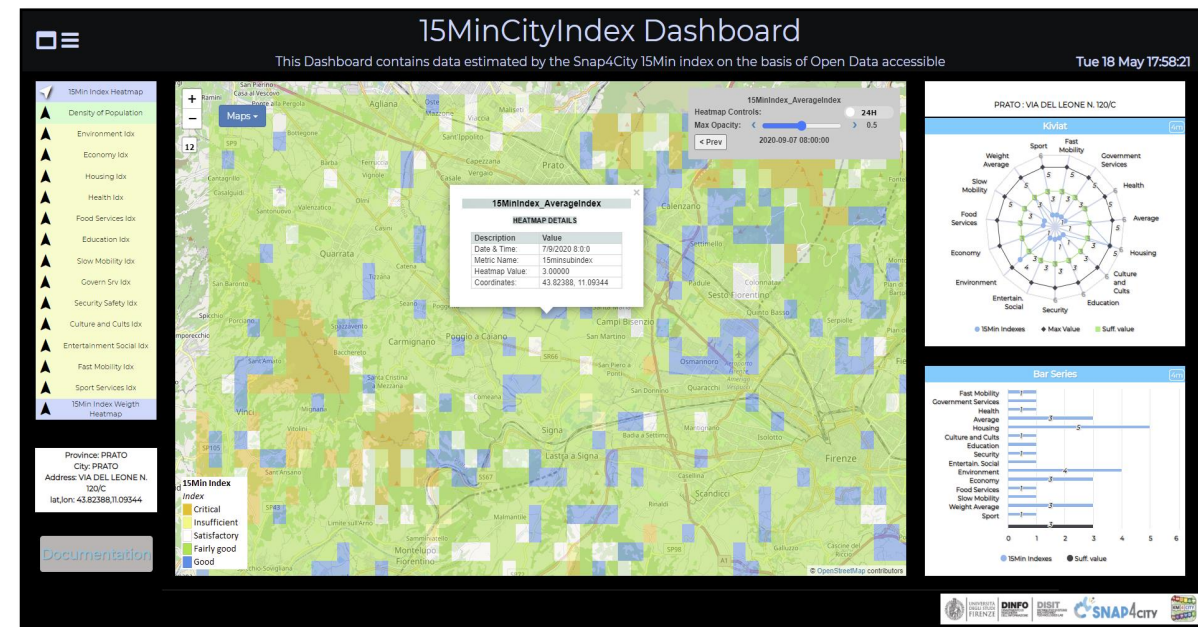


Assessing in each point of the area (city or rural) the capability of providing services ad 15 Min walking distance for the city users

- Several different approaches from early Carlos Moreno concept
- Several different subindexes

Carlos Moreno Functions	Li et al., 2019	15MinCityIndex subindexes
living	Gov	Housing viability
		Govern Services
		Safety Services
		Culture and Cults Services
		Environment Quality
	Roads	Slow Mobility Services
		Fast Mobility Services
	[Medical]	Sport Services
working		Economy/
	pension	sustainability
commerce	commerce	
	dining	Food Services
healthcare	medical	Health Services
education	edu	Education Services
entertainment	entertainment	Entertainment Services

15MinCityIndex



[FLORENCE metro city](https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardsmartcity/view/index.php?iddashboard=MjkzOA=)

<https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardsmartcity/view/index.php?iddashboard=MjkzOA=>

[Bologna metro city](https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardsmartcity/view/index.php?iddashboard=MzA1OQ==)

<https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardsmartcity/view/index.php?iddashboard=MzA1OQ==>

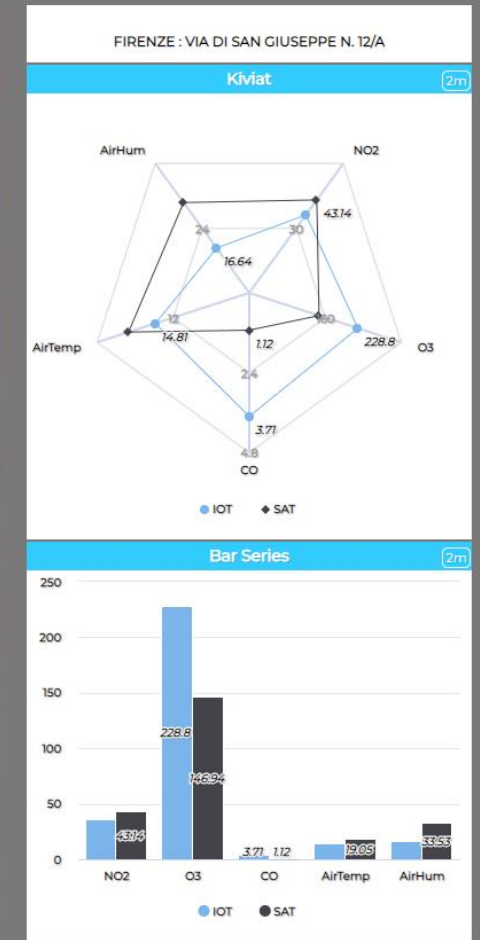
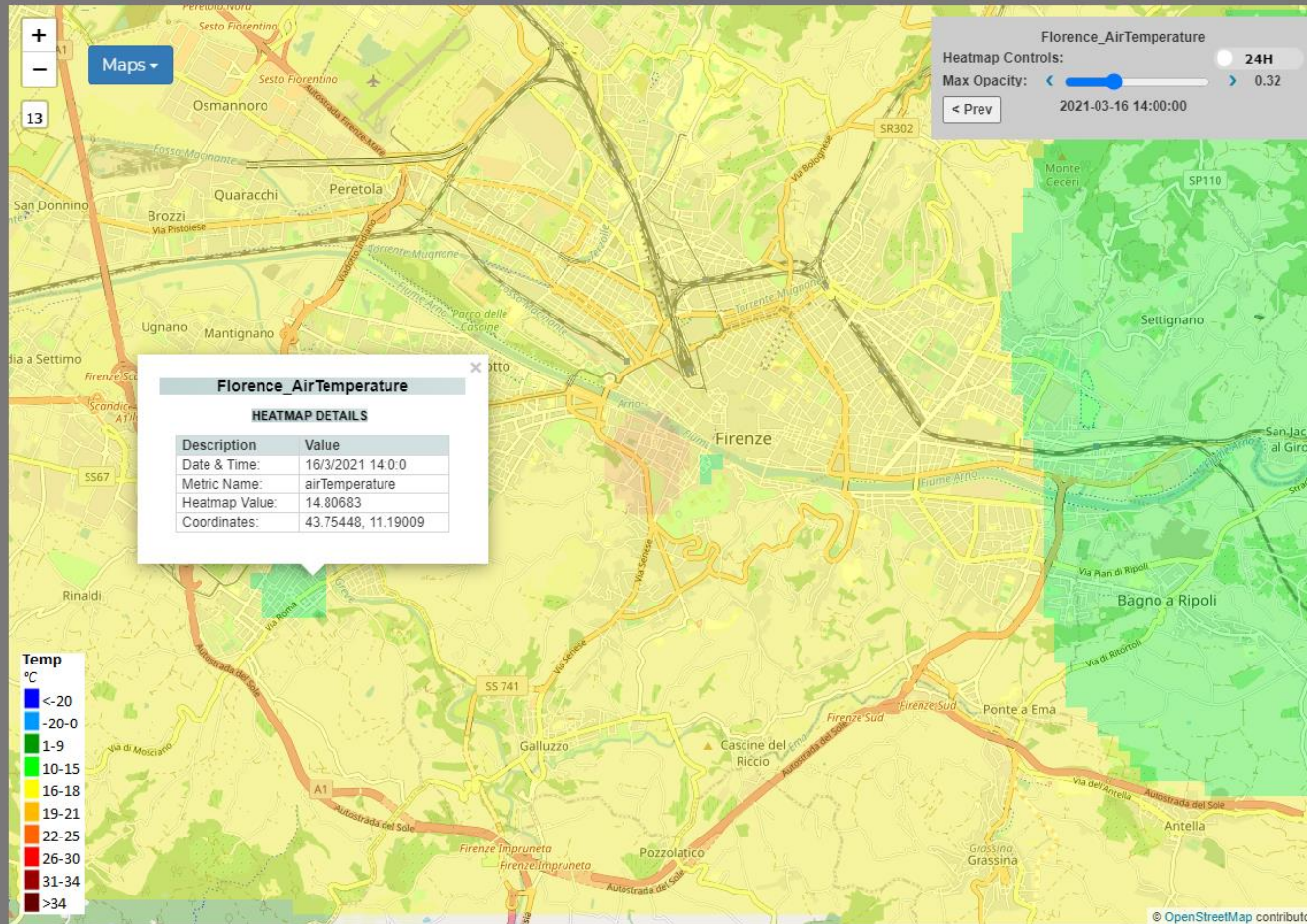
Satellite (Copernicus) vs IOT Data

Thu 1 Apr 22:09:45

- ▲ Air Temperature Toscana
- ▲ Tuscany Altitude
- ▲ Global Vegetation Index Tuscany
- ▲ Fractional Cloud Cover Tuscany
- ▲ Humidity Tuscany
- ▲ NO2 heatmap
- ▲ O3 heatmap
- ▲ CO heatmap
- ▲ Air Temperature heatmap
- ▲ Air Humidity Heatmap
- ▲ Satellite NO2 Firenze
- ▲ Satellite O3 heatmap
- ▲ Satellite CO heatmap
- ▲ Satellite Air Temp Firenze
- ▲ Satellite Humidity Firenze
- ▲ Satellite Fractional Cloud Cover
- ▲ Satellite Firenze Altitude
- ▲ Satellite Global Vegetation Index

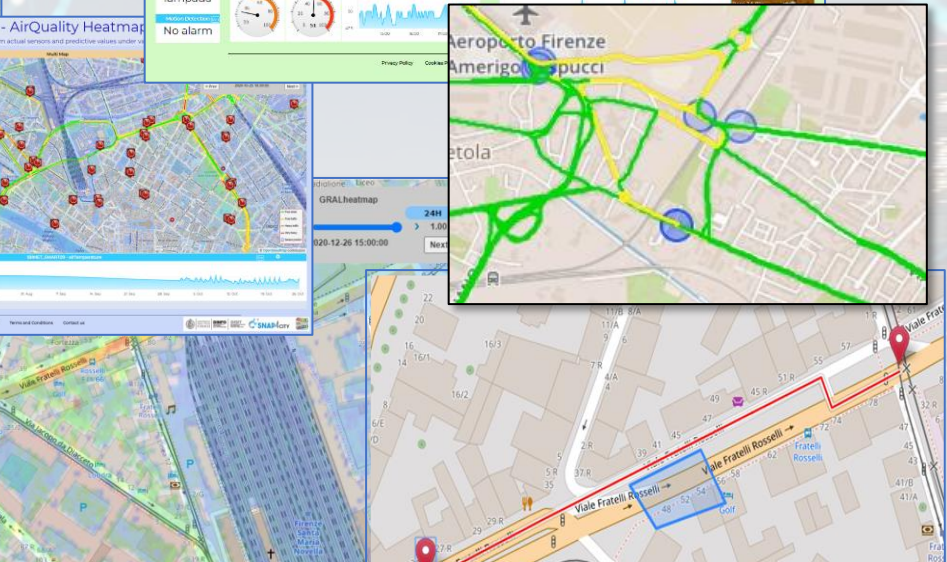
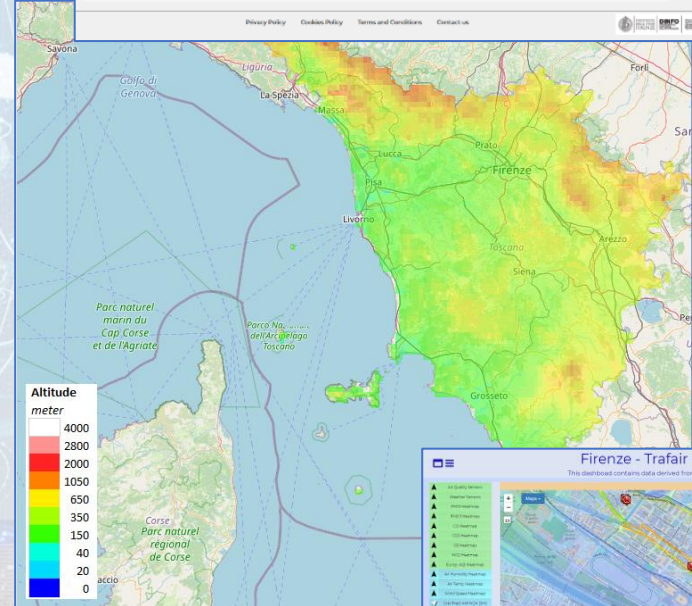
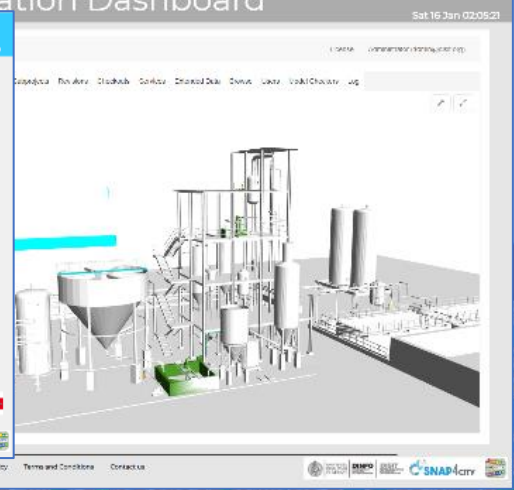
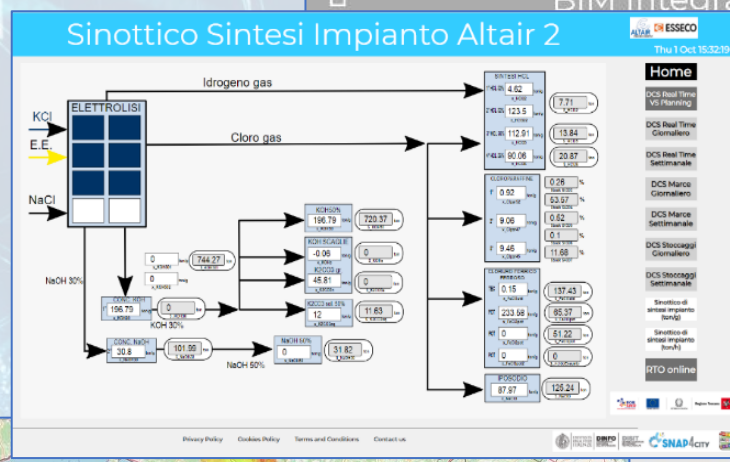
The picked Point (1m)

Province: FIRENZE
 City: FIRENZE
 Address: VIA DI SAN GIUSEPPE N. 12/A
 lat,lon: 43.76799,11.26408



Data Type Coverage

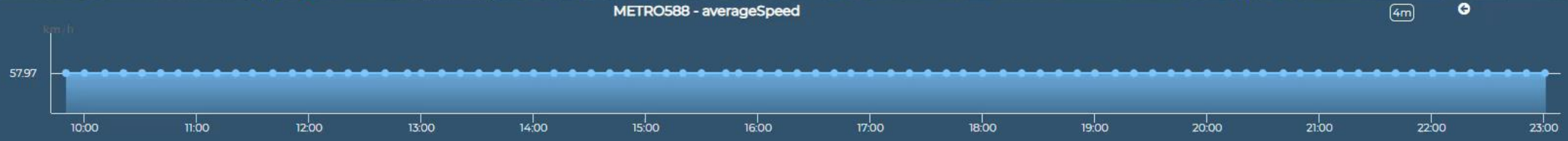
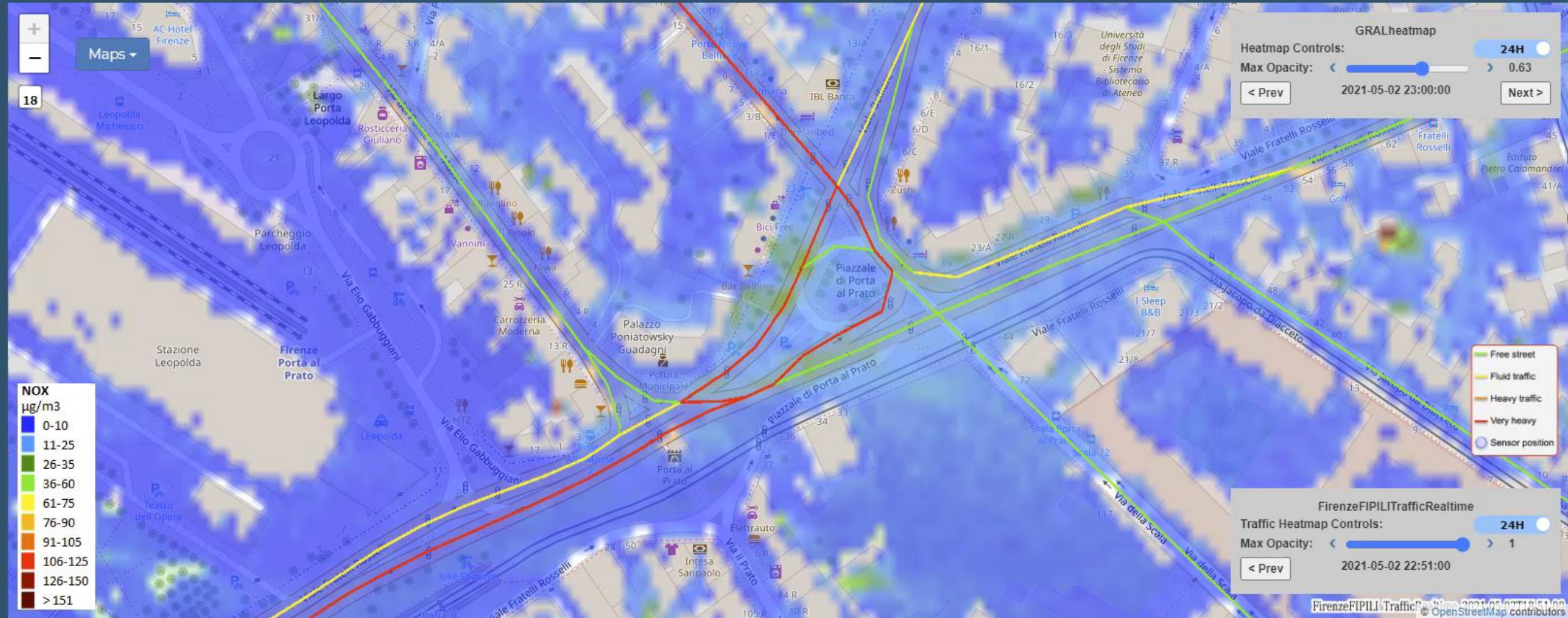
- POI, IOT, shapes,..
- maps, orthomaps, GTFS, GIS WFS/WMS, GeoTiff, ..
- calibrated heatmaps, ..
- traffic flow, typical trends, ..
- trajectories, events, ..
- 3D, BIM, Workflow, ..
- Dynamic icons/pins, ..
- OD Matrices, scenarios, ..
- prediction models,
- decision support,
- Synoptics, animations, ..
- social media, Routing, ..
- Satellite data, ..
- KPI, personal KPI,..
- etc.



Traffic Flow Manager on multiple cities

Sun 2 May 23:16:31

- Traffic Sensors
- Weather_sensor
- AirTemperatureAverage2HourFlorence
- PM2.5 Heatmap
- GRAL Heatmap
- Gral HRES
- Accident Heatmap
- Traffic Flow
- TFM FIRENZE Real Time
- TFM FIPILI Real Time
- TFM Pisa Real Time
- TFM Livorno Real Time
- TFM Modena Real Time
- TFM Santiago Real Time
- prova hres fipili 2k
- prova hres fipili 4k
- prova hres fipili 8k
- Scenario
- What-if



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<https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddashboard=MzEyNg==>

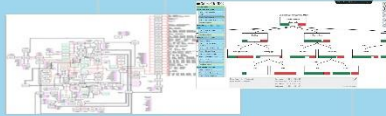
Tools for rapid implementation of sustainable Smart Solutions and Decision Support Systems

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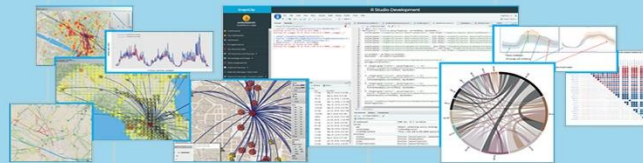


DASHBOARDS AND APPS - CONTROL ROOMS - DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEMS - WHAT-IF ANALYSIS - VISUAL ANALYTICS

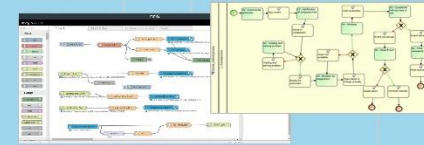
**PREDICTION - ANOMALY DETECTION - ENVIRONMENTAL MODEL - 3D MODEL
KPI - SIMULATION - EARLY WARNING - SYNOPTIC - DIGITAL TWIN - VIRTUAL REALITY**



**EXPERT SYSTEM
KNOWLEDGE BASE
STORAGE**



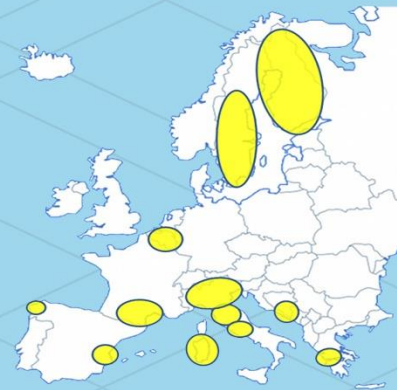
**BIG DATA ANALYTICS
EXPLAINABLE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE
MACHINE LEARNING**



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Appliances and Dockers
Installations**



































































JS Foundation

**E015
digital ecosystem**



On Line Training Material (free of charge)

	1st part (*)	2nd part (*)	3rd part (*)	4th part (*)	5th part (*)	6th part (*)	7th part (*)
what	General	Dashboards	IOT App, IOT Network	Data Analytics	Data Ingestion processes	System and Deploy Install	Smart City API: Web & Mob. App
PDF							
Inter active							
Video1	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Video2	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Video3	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Video4	 	 	 	none	 	none	none
duration	2:55	3:16	3:41	2:00	2:48	2:35	1:47

Conclusions

- IoT data have relevant costs for installation and maintenance.
- **The exploitation of satellite data in the context of Smart City.**
 - PROS: satellite data of the European Union's Earth observation program Copernicus can be used to
 - calibrate the values of large sensors network data and for new applications in which similar data cannot be recovered from the field.
 - develop new applications in which similar data cannot be recovered from the field.
 - CONS, satellite data are not easy to be managed
 - volume of the data obtained when requesting small regions;
 - complexity of the formats that need to be processed and converted;
 - computational time needed and difficulty in providing data in real time;
 - lack of spatial resolution in providing the data.
- **Tools and Dashboards have been provided and integrated into Snap4City suite to:**
 - perform a comparison of data coming from satellite with respect to those obtained from IoT devices.
 - Demonstrate that it is possible to create a real time solution by exploiting satellite data